



PROTON-ELECTROTEX RUSSIA

Optimum power handling
Low on-state and switching losses
Designed for traction and industrial applications

Rectifier Stud Diode Type D171-400-18

Mean on-state current								I_{FAV}		400 A					
Repetitive peak reverse voltage								V_{RRM}		300...1800V					
V_{RRM}, V	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1800
Voltage code	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	18
$T_j, ^\circ C$	-60...+190														

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Test conditions	
ON-STATE					
I_{FAV}	Maximum allowable average forward current	A	400 544	$T_c=144\text{ }^\circ C$; $T_c=120\text{ }^\circ C$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{FRMS}	RMS forward current	A	628	$T_c=144\text{ }^\circ C$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz	
I_{FSM}	Surge forward current	kA	13.0 16.0	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$;
			14.0 17.0	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$;
I^2t	Safety factor	$A^2s\cdot 10^3$	840 1280	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$;
			810 1190	$T_j=T_{j\max}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ C$	180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms}$; single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V}$;
BLOCKING					
V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	300...1800	$T_{j\min} < T_j < T_{j\max}$; 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz;	
V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages	V	350...2080	$T_{j\min} < T_j < T_{j\max}$; 180° half-sine wave; single pulse;	
V_R	Reverse continuous voltages	V	$0.6\cdot V_{RRM}$	$T_j=T_{j\max}$;	
THERMAL					
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	$^\circ C$	-60...+50		
T_j	Operating junction temperature	$^\circ C$	-60...+190		
MECHANICAL					
M	Tightening torque	Nm	25...35		
a	Acceleration	m/s^2	100		

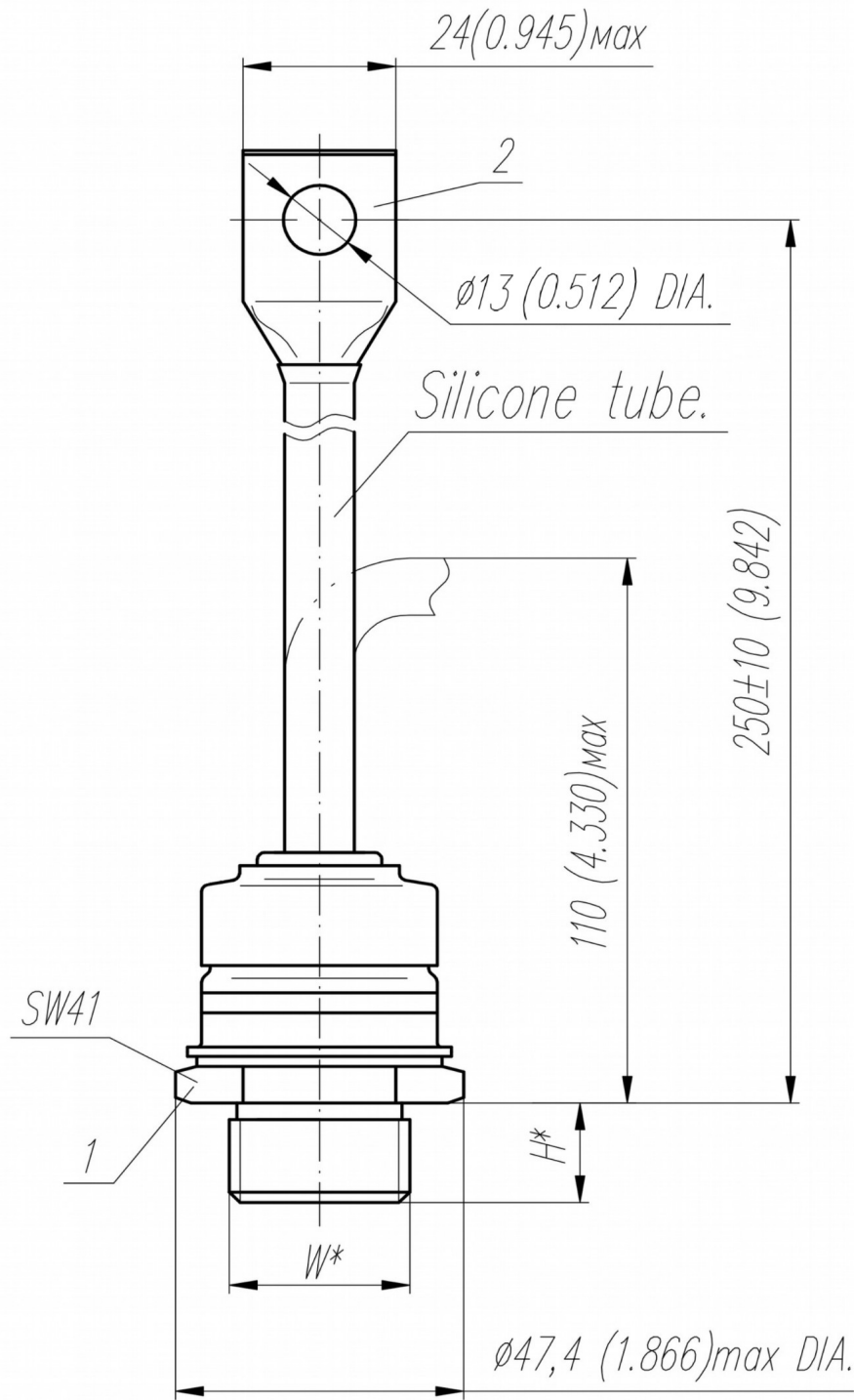
CHARACTERISTICS

Symbols and parameters		Units	Values	Conditions
ON-STATE				
V_{FM}	Peak forward voltage, max	V	1.45	$T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; I_{FM}=1256\text{ A}$
$V_{F(TO)}$	Forward threshold voltage, max	V	0.802	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$ $0.5\pi I_{FAV} < I_T < 1.5\pi I_{FAV}$
r_T	Forward slope resistance, max	m Ω	0.534	
BLOCKING				
I_{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse current, max	mA	40	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}};$ $V_R=V_{RRM}$
SWITCHING				
Q_r	Recovered charge, max	μC	1500	$T_j=T_{j\text{ max}}; I_{TM}=400\text{ A};$ $di_R/dt=-10\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$ $V_R=100\text{ V};$
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time, max	μs	22	
I_{rr}	Reverse recovery current, max	A	135	
THERMAL				
R_{thjc}	Thermal resistance, junction to case, max	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$	0.085	Direct current
MECHANICAL				
m	Weight, max	g	440	
D_s	Surface creepage distance	mm (inch)	12.4 (4.882)	
D_a	Air strike distance	mm (inch)	12.4 (4.882)	

PART NUMBERING GUIDE

D	171	400		18	N
1	2	3	4	5	6

1. D — Rectifier Diode
2. Design version
3. Average forward current, A
4. Polarity: X – Cathode to Stud; Anode to Stud – no symbol
5. Voltage code
6. Ambient conditions: N – normal; T – tropical

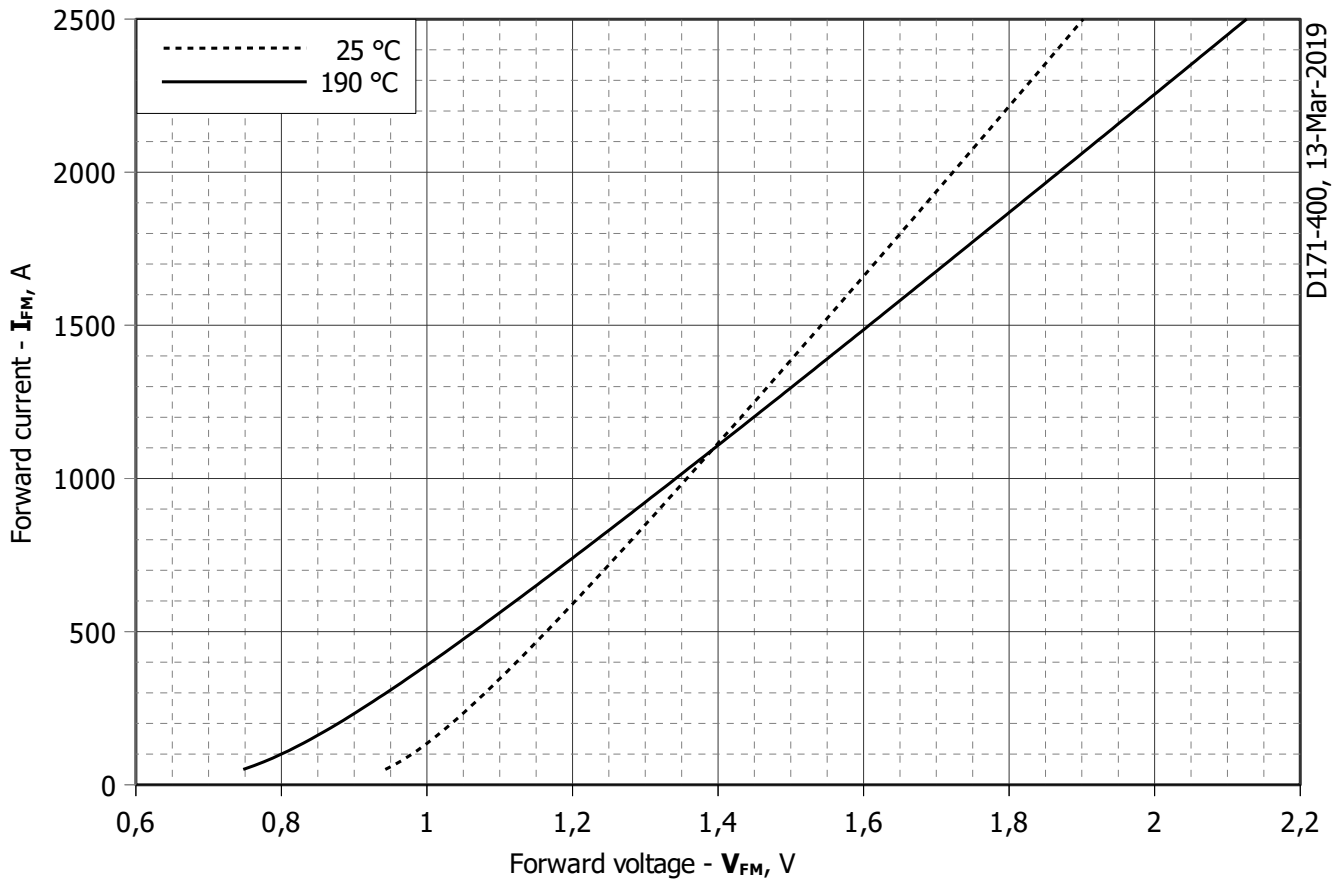


Type of screw	W	H
Metric Screw Type C	M24x1,5 – 8g	19

Polarity	Example of code designation	Reference designation	Colors	
			Anode	Cathode
Normal	Anode to stud	D171-400-18	-	Red tube

All dimensions in millimeters (inches)

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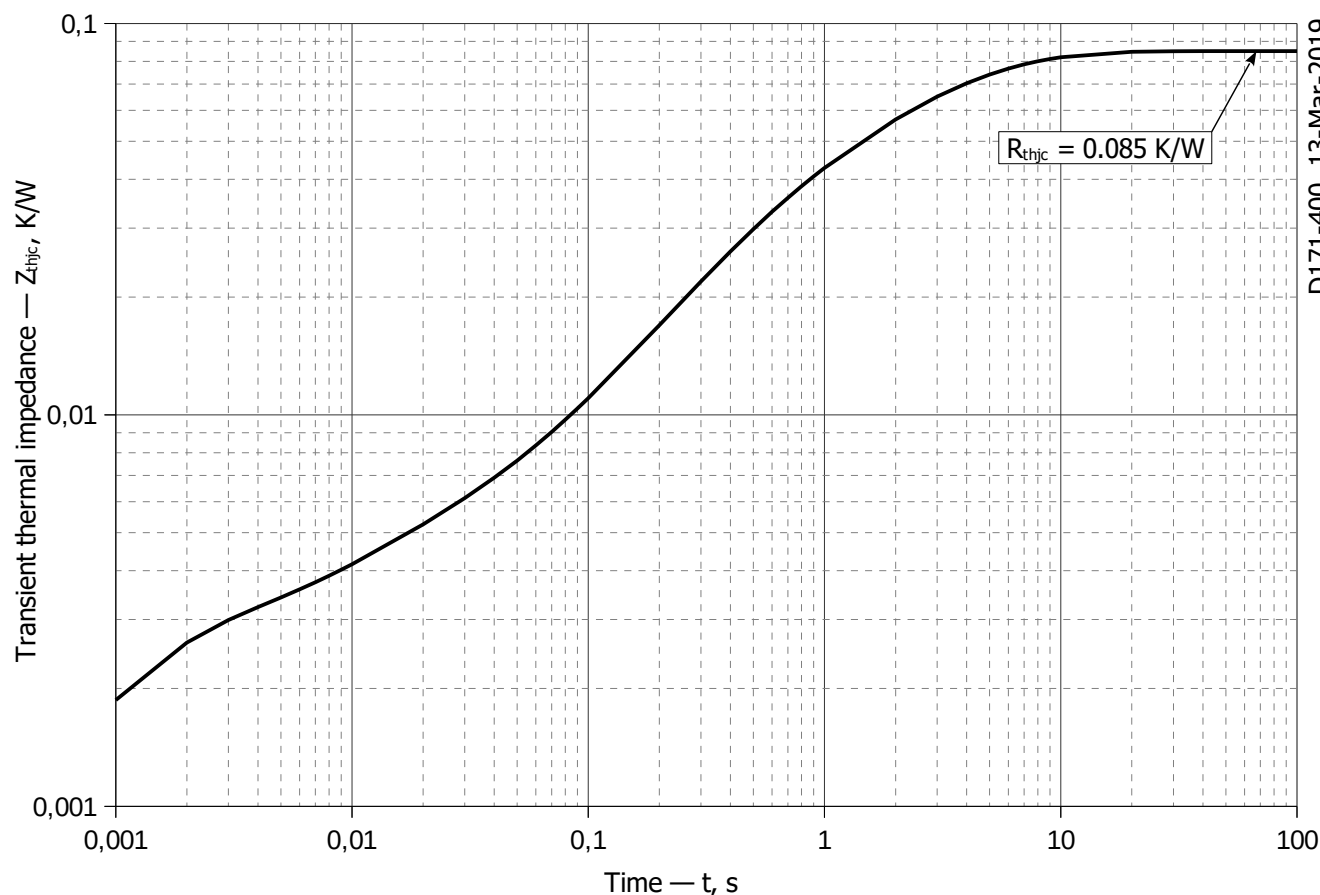
Fig 1 – Forward characteristics of Limit device

Analytical function for Forward characteristic:

$$V_F = A + B \cdot i_F + C \cdot \ln(i_F + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_F}$$

	Coefficients for max curves	
	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_j = T_{j\text{max}}$
A	0.81586000	0.56549000
B	0.00034291	0.00049665
C	0.02739000	0.03970700
D	0.00028787	0.00017268

Forward characteristic model (see Fig. 1).



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Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance Z_{thjc} vs. time t

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where $i = 1$ to n , n is the number of terms in the series.

t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

Z_{thjc} = Thermal resistance at time t .

R_i = Amplitude of p_{th} term.

τ_i = Time constant of r_{th} term.

DC

i	1	2	3	4	5	6
$R_i, \text{K/W}$	0.023357	0.02733	0.01495	0.001445	0.002488	0.01543
τ_i, s	4.627	2.249	0.3406	0.01043	0.0009112	0.9081

Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} model (see Fig. 2)

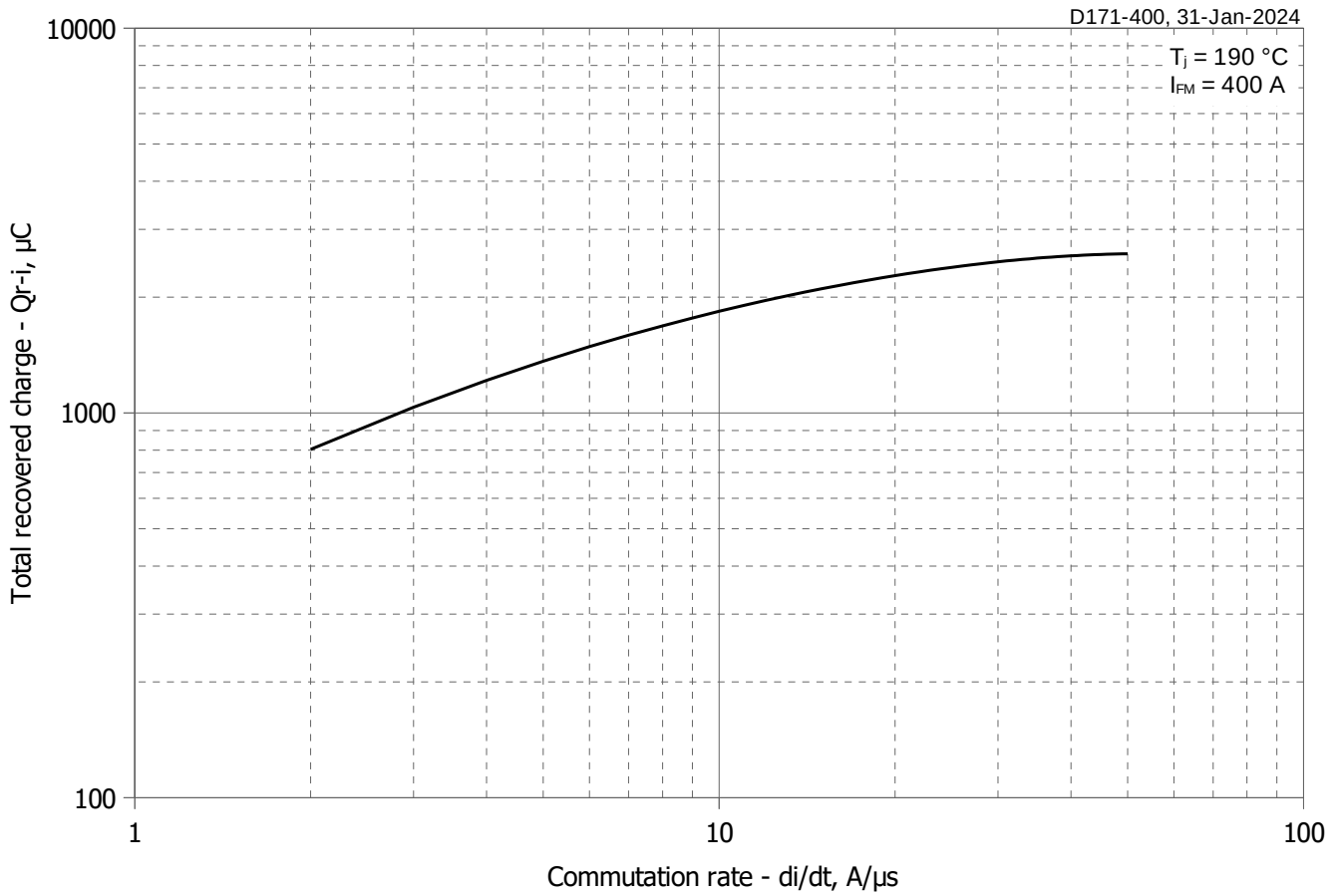


Fig 3 – Maximum recovered charge Q_{r-i} (integral) vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

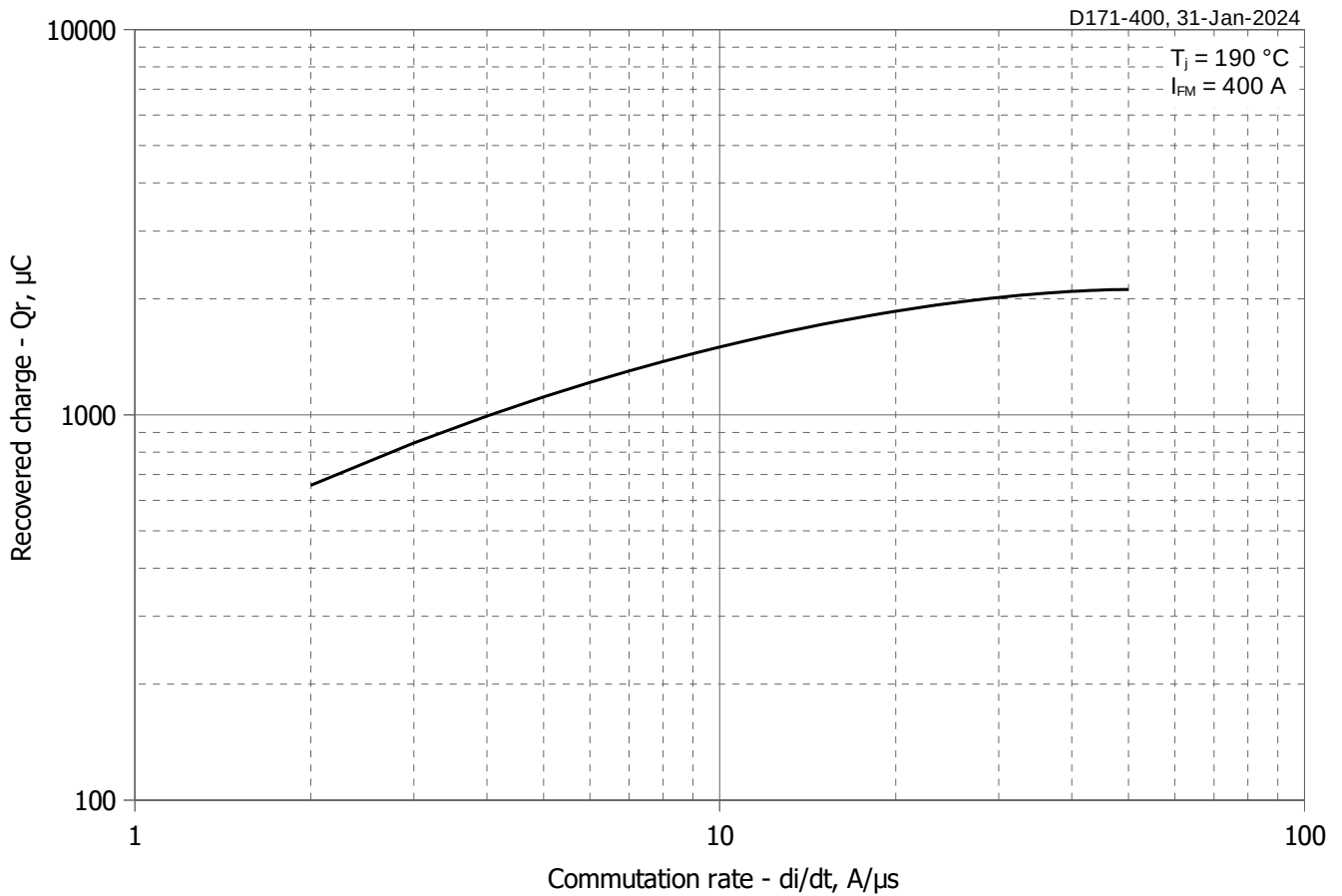


Fig 4 – Maximum recovered charge Q_r vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

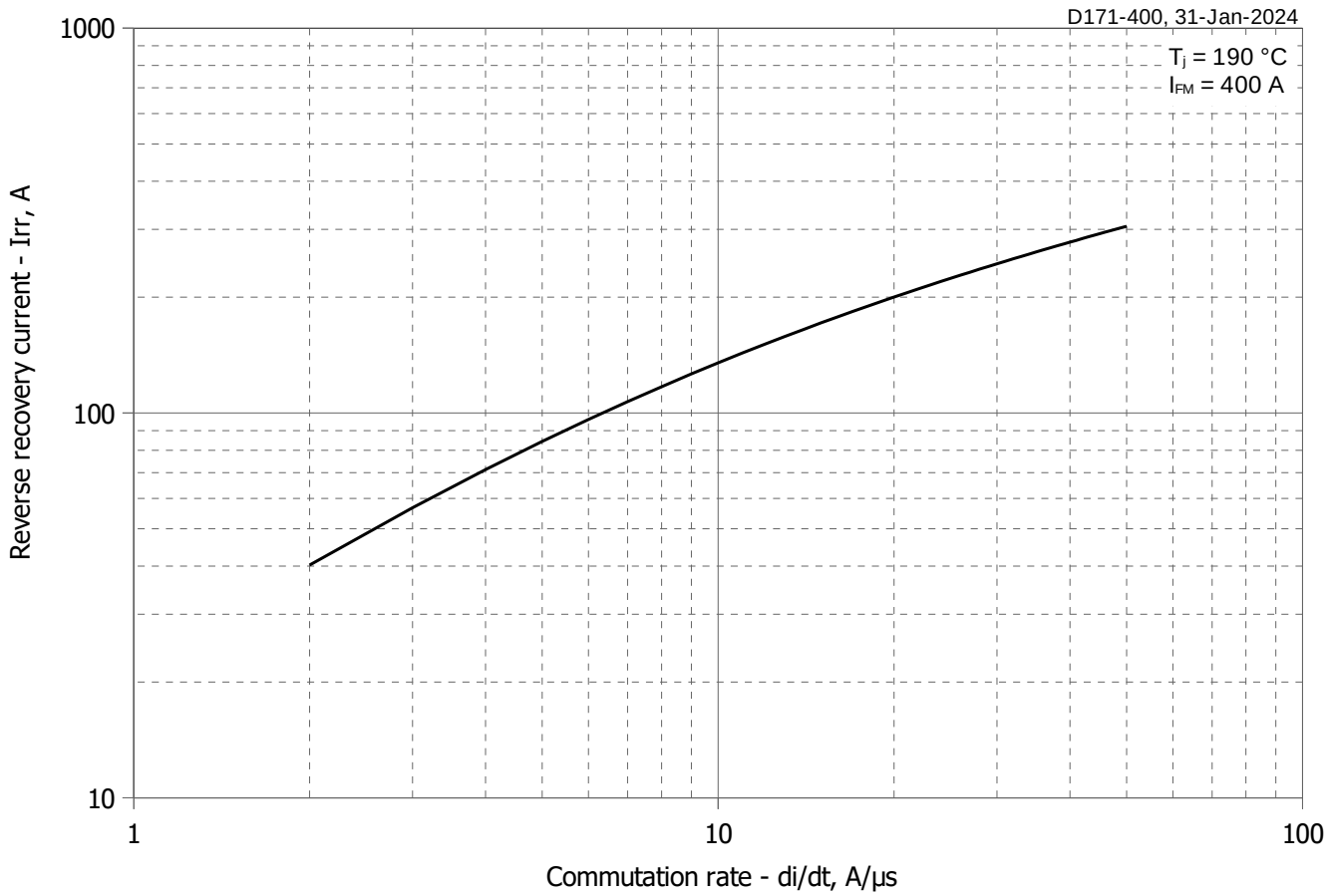


Fig 5 – Maximum reverse recovery current I_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

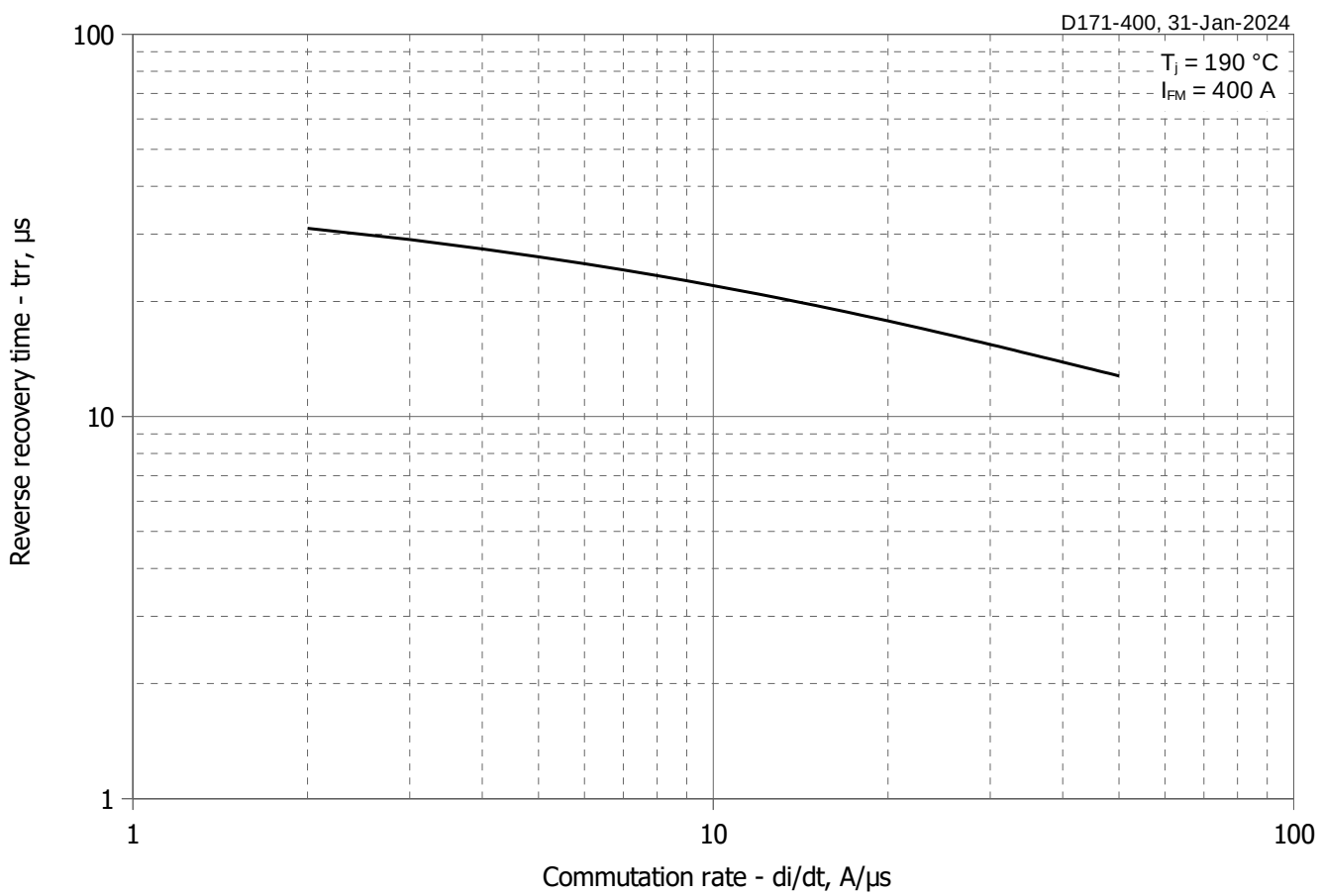


Fig 6 – Maximum recovery time t_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

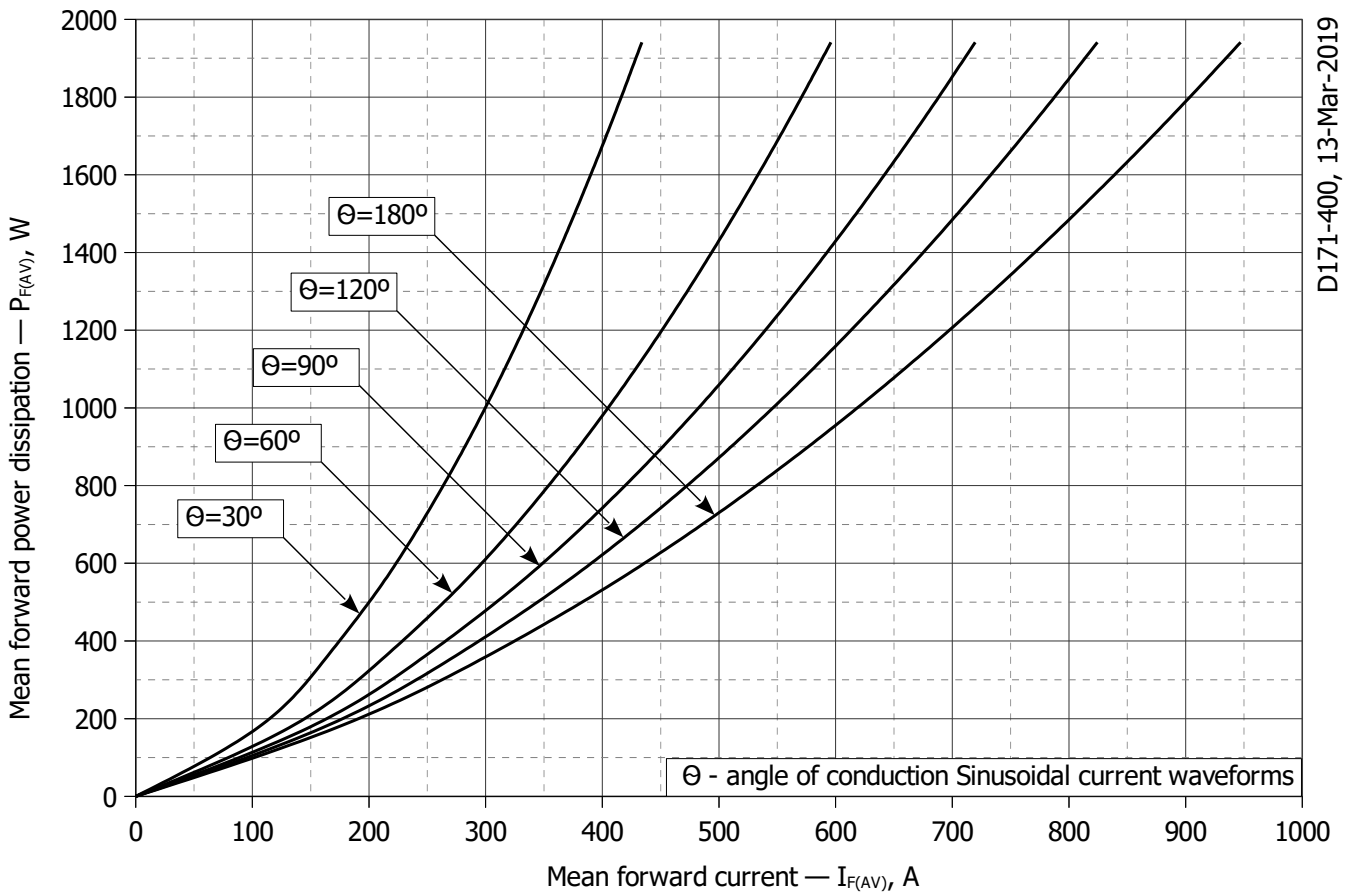


Fig. 7 - Mean forward power dissipation P_{FAV} vs. mean forward current I_{FAV} for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

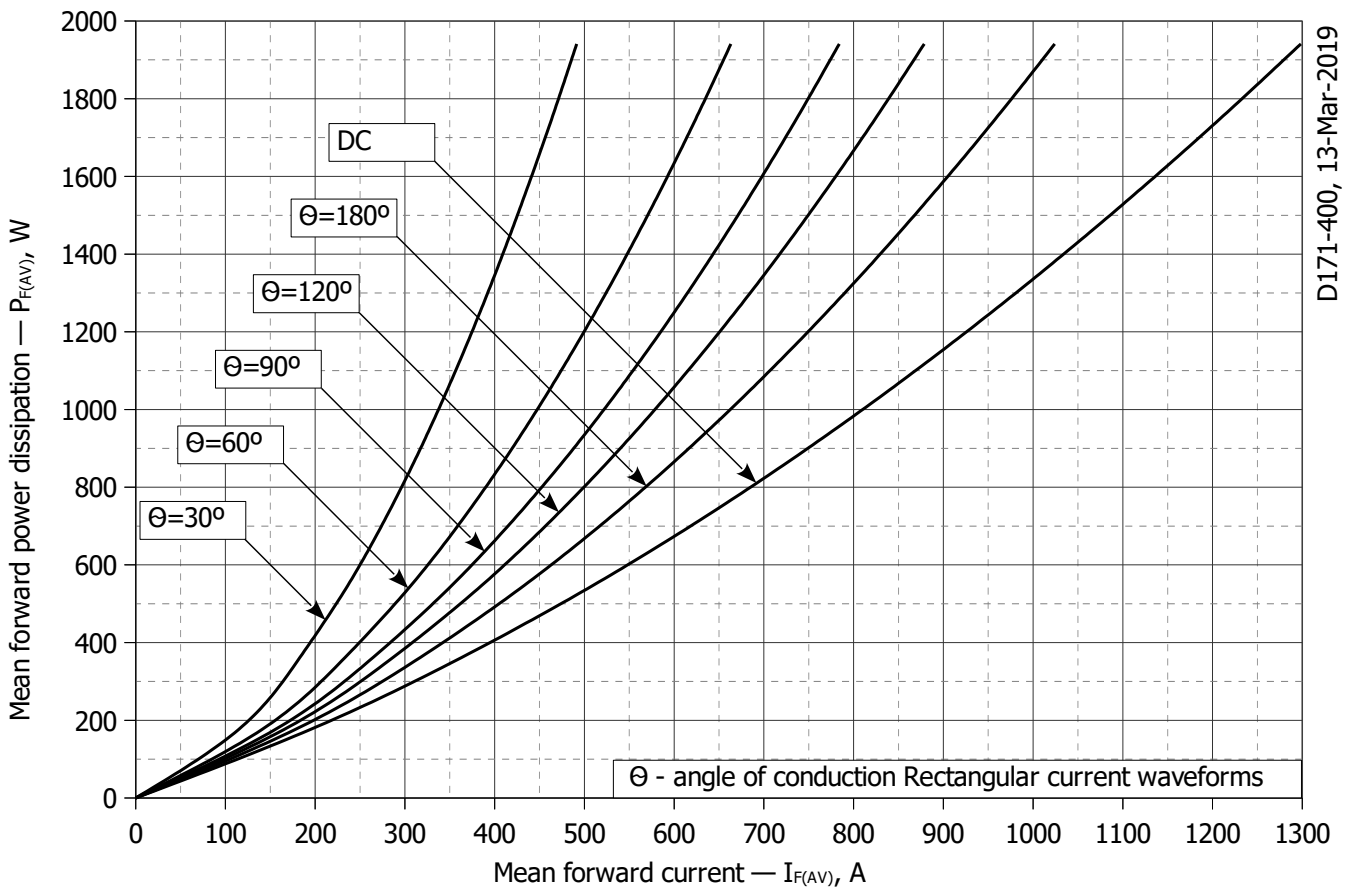
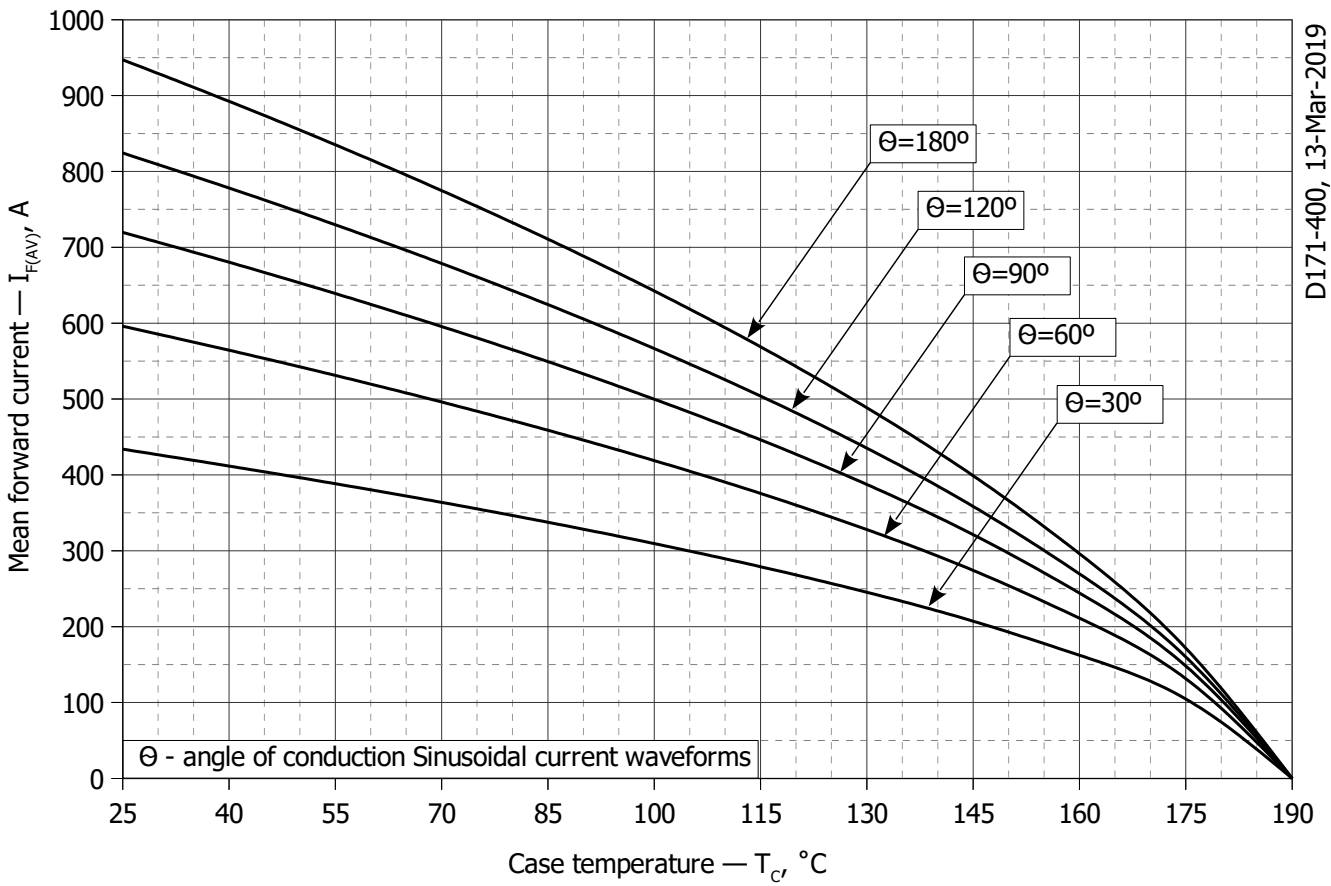
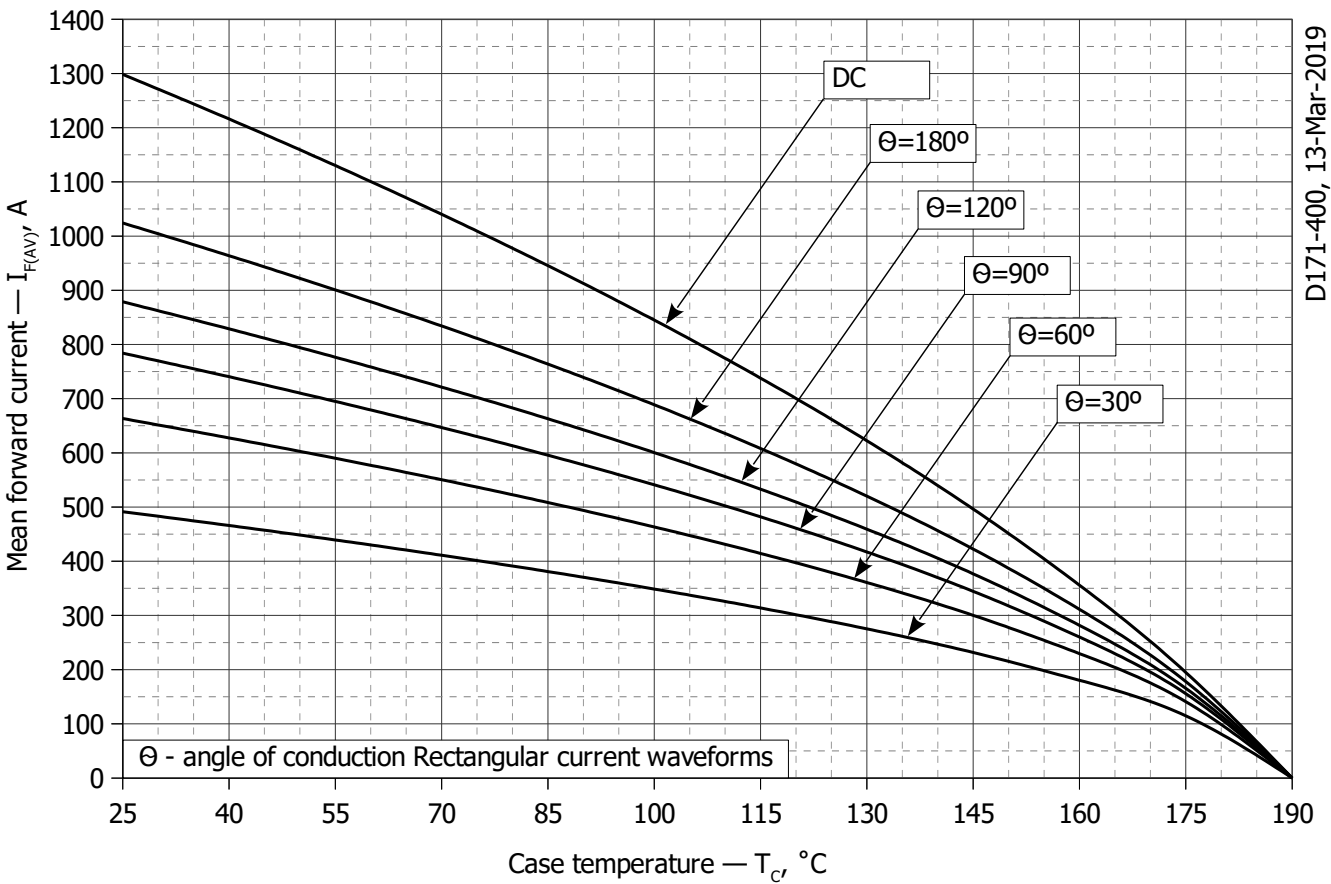


Fig. 8 - Mean forward power dissipation P_{FAV} vs. mean forward current I_{FAV} for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)



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Fig. 9 – Mean forward current I_{FAV} vs. case temperature T_c for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)



D171-400, 13-Mar-2019

Fig. 10 - Mean forward current I_{FAV} vs. case temperature T_c for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

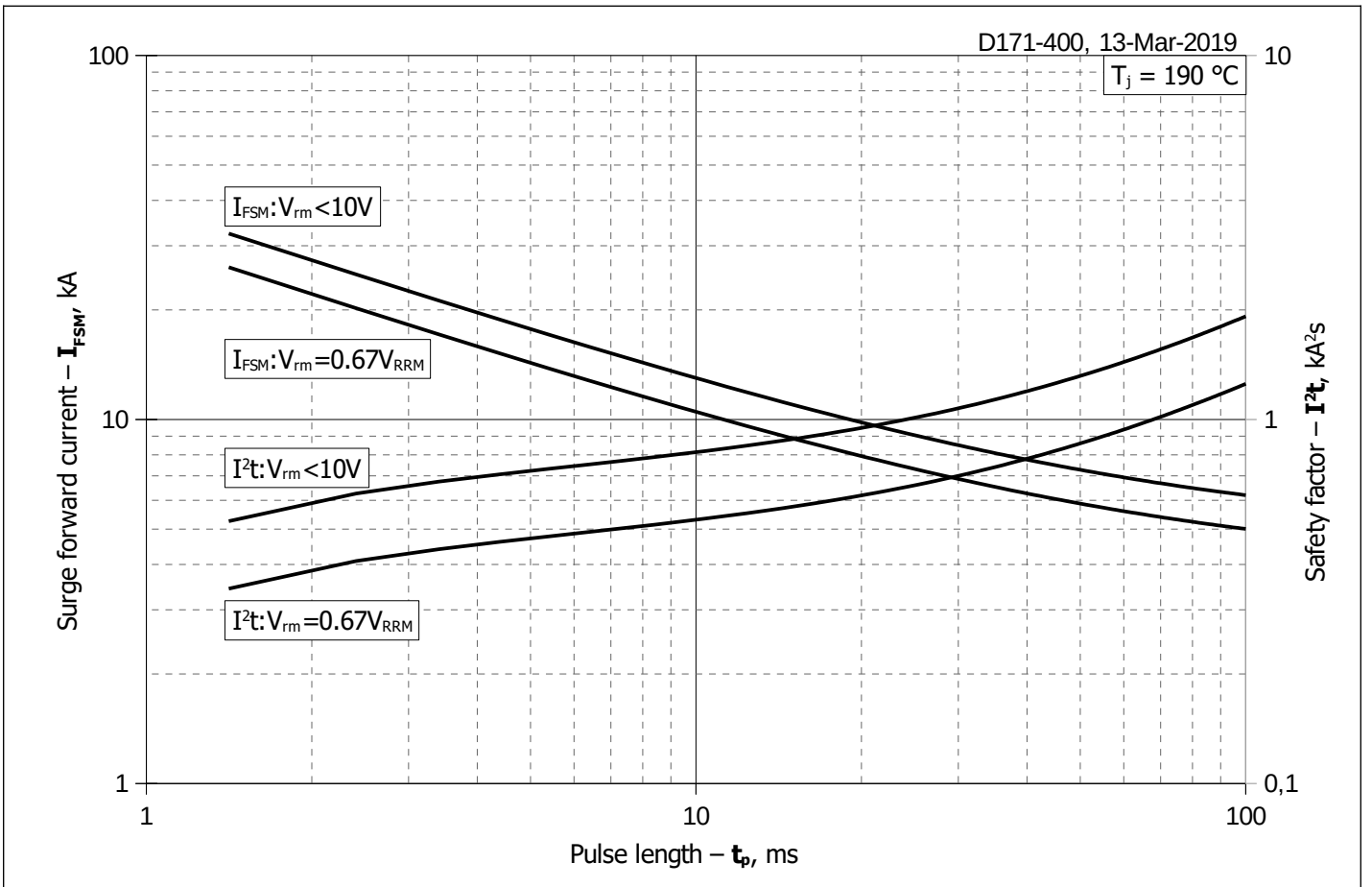


Fig. 11 – Maximum surge forward current I_{FSM} and safety factor I^2t vs. pulse length t_p

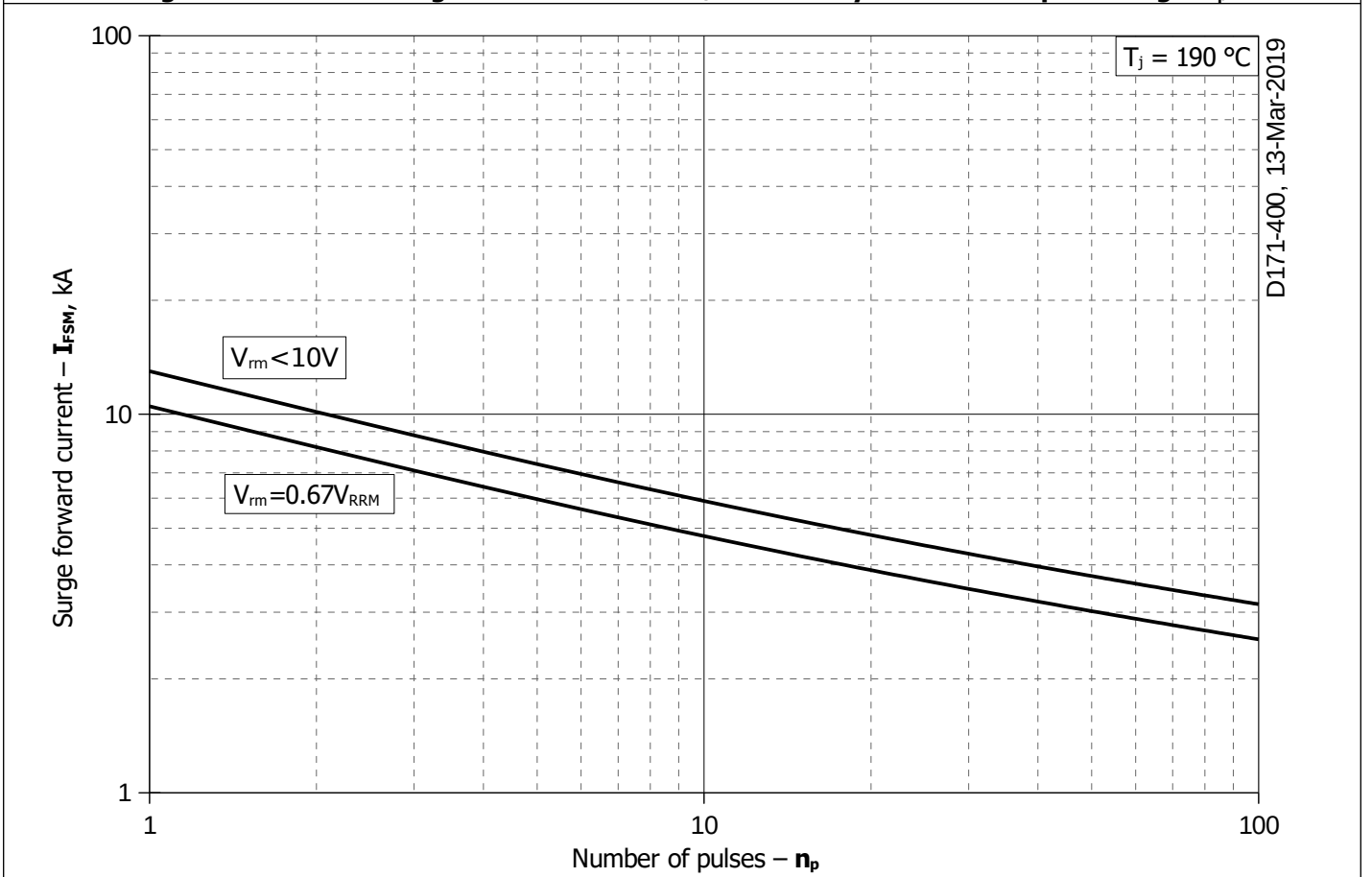


Fig. 12 - Maximum surge forward current I_{FSM} vs. number of pulses n_p